

The Hongkong Telegraph.

(ESTABLISHED 1881.)

NEW SERIES No. 4881

號四廿月五年一十三緒光

MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1905.

一拜禮

號六廿月六年五

\$30 PER ANNUM.
SINGLE COPY, 10 CENTS.

Banks.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1880.
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED Yen 24,000,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP " 15,000,000
CAPITAL UNCALLED " 6,000,000
RESERVE FUND " 9,710,000
Head Office:—YOKOHAMA.

Branches and Agents:
TOKIO, NAGASAKI, LYONS, SAN FRANCISCO, BOMBAY, TIENTSIN, PEKING, KOBE, LONDON.
NEW YORK, HONOLULU, SHANGHAI, NEWCHANG, MUKDEN, PORT ARTHUR, CHEFOO, DALNY.

LONDON BANKERS:
THE LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK, LD.
THE UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK, LD.

HONGKONG BRANCH—INTEREST ALLOWED:
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent per Annum on the Daily Balance.
On fixed deposits for 12 months at 5 per cent.

TAKEO TAKAMICHI,
Manager.

Hongkong, 23rd May, 1905.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....\$10,000,000
RESERVE FUND.....\$10,000,000
Sterling Reserve.....\$18,000,000
Silver Reserve.....\$18,000,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS.....\$10,000,000

COUNT OF DIRECTORS:
H. A. W. SLADE, Esq., Chairman.
A. HAUPT, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
Hon. C. W. DICKSON, Esq.,
E. GOSWAMI, Esq.,
G. H. MEDHURST, Esq.,
A. J. RAYMOND, Esq.,
F. SALINGER, Esq.,
H. SCHUBERT, Esq.,
Hon. R. SHEWAN,
N. A. SIEBS, Esq.

CHIEF MANAGER:
HONGKONG—J. R. M. SMITH.
SHANGHAI—H. E. R. HUNTER.

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON AND COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LIMITED.
HONGKONG—INTEREST ALLOWED:
On Current Account at the rate of 2 per cent per Annum on the daily balance.

ON FIXED DEPOSITS:
For 3 months, 2 1/2 per cent per Annum.
For 6 months, 3 1/2 per cent per Annum.
For 12 months, 4 1/2 per cent per Annum.
J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 17th May, 1905.

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION. Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST ON deposits is allowed at 3 1/2 per cent per annum.
Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent per annum.
For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
J. R. M. SMITH,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1905.

THE DEUTSCH ASIATISCHE BANK.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.....Sh. Tels 7,500,000

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS: BERLIN.

BRANCHES: CALCUTTA, HANKOW, TIENTSIN, Tientsin, Hankow, Tientsin.

LONDON BANKERS:
Messrs. N. M. ROTHSCHILD & SONS,
UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK, LTD.
DEUTSCHE BANK (BERLIN), LONDON AGENCY
DIRECTION DER DISCOUNT GESELLSCHAFT.

INTEREST allowed on Current Account.
DEPOSITS received on terms which may be learned on application. Every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
M. HOMANN,
Manager.

Hongkong, 1st April, 1905.

Insurance.

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

THE Undersigned AGENTS of the above Company are prepared to accept First Class FOREIGN AND CHINESE RISKS at CURRENT RATES.

SIEMSEN & Co.

Hongkong, 18th May, 1905.

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

FISCAL AGENTS OF THE UNITED STATES IN CHINA, THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS AND THE REPUBLIC OF PANAMA.

CAPITAL AND SURPLUS
AUTHORIZED.....GOLD \$10,000,000
CAPITAL PAID UP.....GOLD \$3,250,000
RESERVE FUND.....GOLD \$3,250,000

HEAD OFFICE: NEW YORK.

LONDON OFFICE: THREADEMILL HOUSE, E.C.

LONDON BANKERS: NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND, LIMITED.

UNION OF LONDON AND SMITHS BANK, LTD.

BRITISH LINEN COMPANY BANK.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS ALL OVER THE WORLD.

THE Corporation transacts every Description of Banking and Exchange Business, receives Money in Current Account and accepts Fixed Deposits at Rates which may be ascertained on application.
CHARLES R. SCOTT,
Manager.

20, Des Voeux Road, Hongkong, 15th May, 1905.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CHINA.

ESTABLISHED BY IMPERIAL DECREE OF THE 12TH NOVEMBER, 1896

Shanghai Tels.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.....5,000,000

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....2,500,000

Head Office:—SHANGHAI.

Branches and Agents:

CANTON, PENANG, CHEFOO, SINGAPORE, HANKOW, TIENTSIN, PEKING.

THE Bank purchases and receives for collection Bills of Exchange drawn on the above places, and sells Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers Payable at its Branches and Agencies.

HONGKONG BRANCH.

Advances made on approved securities. Bills discounted.

INTEREST ALLOWED ON DEPOSITS.

4 per Annum Fixed Deposits for 3 months.

4 1/2 " " " 6 " " "

5 " " " 12 " " "

E. W. RUTTER,
Manager.

Hongkong, 6th January, 1905.

THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 1853.

HEAD OFFICE:—LONDON.

CAPITAL PAID-UP.....£800,000

RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.....£800,000

RESERVE FUND.....£875,000

INTEREST ALLOWED ON CURRENT ACCOUNT at the Rate of 2 per cent per annum on the Daily Balances.

On Fixed Deposits for 12 months, 4 per cent

" " " 6 " " " 3 1/2

" " " 3 " " " 3

T. P. COCHRANE,
Manager.

Hongkong, 18th May, 1905.

ALL SUFFERERS FROM NERVOUSNESS AND GENERAL DEBILITY SHOULD TRY OUR NERVINE PILLS.

THEY stimulate and brace up the system and act also as a First-class Tonic.

IN BOTTLES.....\$1.50.

THE PHARMACY,

55, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 28th March, 1905.

Mails.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR STEAMERS TO SAIL ON REMARKS.

SINGAPORE and BOMBAY.....TIENTSIN.....Thursday, June 29th } Freight only.
(Calling at Penang and Colombo if sufficient inducement offers) F. E. Andrews, R.N.R.

SHANGHAI.....CHUSAN.....About 30th June } Freight and Passage.
H. W. Kenrick, R.N.R.

LONDON, &c.....NUMA.....July 1st, Noon } See Special Advertisement.
F. J. Fox

LONDON and ANTWERP via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID and MARSEILLES.....PALERMO.....About 7th July } Freight only.
E. G. Andrews

For Further Particulars, apply to

L. S. LEWIS, Acting Superintendent.

Hongkong, 26th June, 1905.

Intimations.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.



LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.
ARE NOW BOOKING ORDERS FOR THE ABOVE SPECIALLY BLENDED FOOCHOW TEA.

PRICES:
Including Freight, Duty and Delivery to any address in the United Kingdom,
Per 10 Catty Box, \$17.50. Per 5 Catty Box, \$10.00.
Hongkong, June 16th, 1905.

KÜPPER'S PILSENER BEER.

The best PILSENER in the East; ask for Küpper, and see that you get it.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.,
SOLE AGENTS.

Telephone No. 75.

15, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, Hongkong, 6th June 1905.

E. C. WILKS & Co., CONSULTING MARINE & ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, ETC.

SHIPS DESIGNED, CONSTRUCTED AND SUPERVISED.
AGENTS FOR THORNYCROFT'S MOTORS AND MOTOR LAUNCHES, RACING AND CRUISING.

OUR MOTORS

For Reliability, Durability, Workmanship, Lightness, Estimates cheerfully given.



OUR PROPELLERS

Are fitted to the Principal Racing Launches in Europe. Designed and Finished for Highest Efficiency.

Agencies:—GENERAL ELECTRIC CO., W. H. ALLEN & SONS, ENGINEERS, BEDFORD. H. W. JOHN'S CANADIAN ASBESTOS GOODS. Cable Address: "MARINEWORK" Hongkong. Telephone No. 358. 12, Beaconsfield Arcade, Hongkong.

Hongkong, 1st February, 1905.

Intimations.

When nature flags, and health fails, try



57]



TRY IT
"CLUB"
THAT'S ALL.

Pronounced the best Scotch Whisky at the price on the Market.

Per Dozen \$14.00

H. PRICE & CO.,
12, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1905.

PHOTO SUPPLIES.

LONG, HING & Co.,

17, QUEEN'S ROAD.

Hongkong, 15th May, 1905.

Hotels.

HONGKONG HOTEL.

Military Band during dinner on Saturday Nights.

A. F. DAVIES,
Acting Manager.

Hongkong, 7th February, 1905.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
SHAMEN, CANTON.

MACAO HOTEL,
MACAO, CHINA.

ON THE BRITISH CONCESSION.

IN THE CENTRE OF THE PRAIA GRANDE.

BOTH HOTELS UNDER EXPERIENCED EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

EVERY COMFORT AND CONVENIENCE FOR RESIDENTS AND TOURISTS.

W. W. FARMER, Proprietor.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO.,

SHIP-CHANDLERS, SAILMAKERS, COAL AND PROVISION MERCHANTS, NAVAL CONTRACTOR AND GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS.

GROUND FLOOR, ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING, HONGKONG.

SOAP AND SODA MANUFACTURERS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

HARTMANN'S RAHTJEN'S GENUINE COMPOSITION RED HAND BRAND, HARTMANN'S GREY PAINT, DAIMLER'S PATENT MOTOR LAUNCHES, &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

FERGUSON'S SPECIAL CREAM and P. & O. SPECIAL LIQUOR SCOTCH WHISKY, &c.

EVERY KIND OF SHIP'S STORES AND REQUISITES ALWAYS IN STOCK

AT REASONABLE PRICES.

Hongkong, 7th March, 1905.

HONGKONG HIGH-LEVEL TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LIMITED.

TIME TABLE.

WEEK DAYS.
7.00 a.m. to 7.30 a.m. Every 30 minutes.
7.30 a.m. to 8.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.00 a.m. to 8.30 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
8.30 a.m. to 9.00 a.m. Every 15 minutes.
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9.00 p.m. to 9.30 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
9.30 p.m. to 10.00 p.m. Every 15 minutes.
10.00 p.m. to 10.30 p.m

Intimation.

WM. POWELL,
LIMITED.
—ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS—

NEW
MUSLINS,
ALPACAS,
DRESS-
LINENS,
HOLLANDS,
VOILES,
FOULARDS,
SILKS,
&c., &c., &c.,
for light
SUMMER
GOWNS.

DRESS-MAKING
A Specialty.

**LATEST
FASHIONS**
from
LONDON,
PARIS,
and
NEW YORK
RECEIVED EVERY
WEEK.

**BATHING
COSTUMES.**

**CAPS
and
SANDALS.**

Everything New and
up-to-date
at
POWELL'S
HONGKONG.
Hongkong, 19th June, 1905. [57]

Intimations.

THE CLUB LUSITANO, LD.
NOTICE.

THE Certificate No. 147 for 20 Shares in the above Company numbered 54 to 56, 59 and 62, 63 and 64, 67 and 68, 149, and 178 to 187 all inclusive, standing in the Register of Shareholders in the name of ANTONIO SIMPLICIO GOMES, Junior, having been lost, Notice is hereby given that a Duplicate Certificate for the said Twenty Shares will be issued at the expiration of one calendar month from the date of this notice, and that the Original Certificate will, unless produced within that period, be hereafter held by this Company as null and void.

By Order,
H. M. BASTO,
Acting Hon. Secretary,
Club Lusitano, Ltd.
Hongkong, 24th June, 1905. [68]

REWARD OF \$5,000.

OFFERED by the Undersigned for the ARREST and CONVICTION of any Person or Persons who are in the habit of SMUGGLING large quantities of OPIUM into this Colony.

CHIN JOO HENG CO.,
Opium Farmers.
Hongkong, 19th June, 1905. [669]



Gold Medals PARIS 1889 & 1900

Regd. Brand

HARRIS, CALNE WILTS-England.

REPRESENTATIVES FOR HONGKONG & CHINA,
HOWARD & Co.,
50, Queen's Road Central,
Hongkong.
Hongkong, 19th May, 1905. [579]

BAY VIEW HOUSE, MACAO.

SITUATED at the most charming Part of Macao's Famous Beach, has just been opened for the public and for the benefit of HONGKONG VISITORS, who travel to this Delightful Resort.

BATHING PARTIES, and indeed every Holiday Seeker on pleasure bent, will find all their wants supplied at BAY VIEW HOUSE.

MORNING TEAS, BREAKFASTS, TIFINS, AFTERNOON TEAS, and DINNERS can be supplied to any number at the shortest notice, and at the most reasonable prices.

On SUNDAYS Meals served a la carte from 11 A.M. to 9 P.M.

Only the Finest Brands of WINES and LIQUEURS will be kept in stock.

LIGHT REFRESHMENTS of every description, including Ices, may be had at the lowest prices.

After one trial of the fancy fare at BAY VIEW HOUSE, you will be loth to return to Hongkong.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS:

"BAYVIEW, MACAO."

Macao, 7th June, 1905. [641]



WEIGHT LESS THAN 1 OUNCE.

THIS DWARF RAZOR has superseded the old fashioned clumsy Razor and by its use Shaving becomes a pleasure. It is manufactured in Sheffield, England, from a special amalgam of steel which makes imitation impossible, and in consequence it enjoys the largest sale of any Razor in the World. Thousands of Testimonials testify that the little "MAB" is the finest shaving implement ever produced.

Will be mailed to any address on receipt of the price (\$2), post free.

To be obtained from THE MUTUAL STORES, WATKINS, LIMITED, and all first-class stores in the Colony.

Sole Agents for Far East, Howard & Co., 29, Des Voeux Road, Central, Hongkong. Agents wanted in every port.

For particulars and terms, apply to—

HOWARD & Co.

Hongkong, 24th November, 1904. [63]

THE WISE MAN BUYS A "SINGER"; IT'S TRUE ECONOMY.

5 YEARS' GUARANTEE!

FREE INSTRUCTION!

EASY PAYMENTS.

It's something you need.

SHOW-ROOMS:—1, WYNDHAM STREET, Hongkong, 25th March, 1905. [48]

LEVY HERMANOS.

DIAMOND MERCHANTS, JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS

EASTMAN'S KODAKS AND FILMS.

Sole Agents for "OMEGA" WATCHES.

"OMEGA" is the best, "THREE YEARS" guaranteed given to every purchaser.

40, QUEEN'S ROAD, Watson's Building.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1905. [57]

Intimations.

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.
NOTICE.

A MEETING OF MEMBERS who wish to be interested in the Subscription Griffin to be ordered for the next RACE MEETING will be held in the Hongkong Hotel, TOMORROW, 27th instant, at 4.30 P.M.

T. F. HOUGH,
Clerk of the Course.

Hongkong, 26th June, 1905. [677]

VICTORIA RECREATION CLUB.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF MEMBERS will be held in ST. ANDREW'S HALL, CITY HALL, on THURSDAY, the 29th June, at 5.15 P.M., for the purpose of considering and passing the Annual Report and Statement of Accounts for 1904.

FRANK LAMBERT,
Acting Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1905. [676]

THE CHINA LIGHT AND POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRA-ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above-named Company will be held at the Company's Office, St. George's Building, No. 6, Connaught Road, Victoria, on SATURDAY, the 8th day of July, 1905, at 11.30 in the Forenoon, when the following Resolution which was passed at a meeting held on 21st June, 1905, will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution.

RESOLUTION.

"That the Capital of the Company be increased to \$500,000 by the creation of 20,000 new shares of \$10.00 each."

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 21st June, 1905. [672]

THE TRADE MARKS ORDINANCE, 1898.

APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF TRADE MARK.

NOTICE is hereby given that HERBERT VON MEISTER of Hoechst-on-main, Germany, has on the 20th day of May, 1905, applied for the Registration, in Hongkong, in the REGISTER OF TRADE MARKS, of the following Trade Marks:—

1.—The representation of a Cash and on the Cash a Lion with a Shield and on the Shield the letters M. L. & B. and on another part of the Cash the Chinese characters 坑耳唯普法.

2.—Six Trade Marks as a series consisting of the Representation of a Lion with a Shield bearing the letters M. L. & B. and having one or more Stars according to the quality of the Goods.

In the name of FARBWERKE VORM MEISTER LUCIUS and BRUNING, who claim to be the proprietors thereof.

The Trade Mark has been used by the applicants in respect of the following goods:—

Mineral Dyes in Class One.

Facsimiles of the Trade Marks can be seen at the Office of the Colonial Secretary of Hongkong.

Dated the 25th day of May, 1905.

DENNIS & BOWLEY,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

COLD STORAGE.

THE HONGKONG ICE COMPANY, LTD., have now 40,000 Cubic feet of COLD STORAGE available at EAST POINT. Stores will be Open at 10 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily, Sunday excepted, to receive and deliver perishable goods.

WM. FARLANE,
Manager.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1905. [675]

JUST LANDED.

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT OF FRENCH SARDINES of a well-known make, of various kinds such as Sardines in Lemon, Gerkins, Tomato and in Anchovy Sauce, &c., &c., &c.

Delicious for Table and Picnic Parties.

H. RUTTONJEE,

No. 5, D'Aguiar Street,

No. 37 & 39, Elgin Road, Kowloon.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1905. [58]

THE HONGKONG STUDIO, HIGHER CLASS PHOTOGRAPHER.

41 & 43, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, TOP FLOOR.

PORTRAITS, GROUPS AND ENLARGING AND COPYING in all Sizes.

LARGE SELECTION OF VIEWS ALWAYS ON HAND.

PRICE VERY MODERATE.

Hongkong, 15th September, 1903. [59]

MEE CHEUNG, PHOTOGRAPHER.

TOP FLOOR OF ICE HOUSE, IN Ice-House Road.

Now in a position, in his New and Comfortable Premises, to eclipse, as heretofore, ALL PHOTOGRAPHIC ART PRACTICED in the Colony or in any part of the Far East.

GROUPS AND VIEWS a speciality.

Hongkong, 22nd September, 1904. [56]

A FOOK & Co., 12, Pottinger Street, Central.

GENERAL STOREKEEPERS, SHIP CHANDLERS AND COMPRADORES, COAL MERCHANTS AND STEVEDORES OF SIXTY YEARS STANDING.

ALL kinds of Provisions, Coal, Water and Ballast supply from alongside at the shortest notice and with all possible dispatch.

Moderate terms.

Orders solicited.

Hongkong, 23rd February, 1905. [62]

THE CURSE OF WEALTH.

MR. CARNEGIE'S HINTS.

Mr. Andrew Carnegie's fifth and latest book, on which he has been engaged for twenty years, is a biography of James Watt, the inventor of the steam engine. In this work, the famous iron-master millionaire, and philanthropist throws much light upon his own philosophy of life and upon the forces which in his opinion make for success.

Mindful of his own humble beginnings he pins his faith to President Garfield's aphorism: "The best heritage to which a man can be born is poverty."

Of James Watt he says:—"The fates had been kind to him, for, burdened with neither wealth nor rank, this poor would-be skilled mechanic was to have a fair chance by beginning at the bottom among his fellows, the sternest yet finest of all schools to call forth and strengthen inherent qualities, and impel a poor young man to put forth his utmost effort when launched upon the sea of life, where he must either sink or swim, no bladders being in reserve for him."

Of millionaires Mr. Carnegie's estimate is not an enthusiastic one: "My knowledge of the usual effect of the heritage of milliondom upon the sons of millionaires," he says, "leads me to believe that it is neither to the rich nor to the noble that human society has to look for its preservation and improvement, but to those who have to labour that they may live."

THE SUPREME TEST.

"Not from palace or castle, but from the cottage have come, or can come, the needed leaders of our race, under whose guidance it is to ascend."

"The supreme test which proves the man can come only to those born to earn their own support."

Among the book's many aphorisms are the following:—"The public have no time to linger over a man's mistakes. What concerns us is his triumphs."

"We rise upon failures to higher things, and mistakes recognised as such in after days make for victory."

"The man who never makes mistakes never makes anything."

"The only point the wise man guards is not to make the same mistake twice."

"Good work always tells."

"Ability cannot be kept down for ever; if crushed to earth it rises again."

"At all Scottish as at all American universities we may rejoice that there is a large number of the most distinguished students who cultivate knowledge upon a little oatmeal, earning money between times to pay their way."

THE MOST PROMISING CLASS.

"It is highly probable that a greater proportion of these will be heard of in later years than of any other class. One of the chief advantages of the public school is the enduring friendships boys form there, first in importance through their beneficial influence upon character, and second, as aids to success in after life."

Great is the number of instances where the man in position has been able to say the needed word of recommendation which gave a start or a lift upward to a deserving scholar.

"There is not much outcome in the youth who does not already see himself captain in his dreams and steer his barque accordingly," writes Mr. Carnegie, who evidently believe that the boy is father to the man.

A PAINFUL PORTRAIT.

[Told by a Photographer.]

"A photographer is born, not made," said a Camera Artist. He is born to endure as many troubles as the rest of mankind. Mr. Arthur F. Brookes, of 25, The Arcade, Wolverhampton, England, has travelled through many countries with his camera, but in London his professional career was threatened. "I was ill," he said, "and none of the doctors knew what was the matter. But Dr. Williams' pink pills found my trouble and cured it. I was terribly 'run down.' My nerves seemed to have left me, and at sight of food my stomach would turn. When I forced down a little food to keep up my strength, the pains in my chest were excruciating."

"Two eminent doctors said I was suffering from nervous prostration, and ordered complete rest. I was under them six months, but soon after was as ill as ever. I had such pain in my back as to make me cry out and clutch at the first thing I came to."

"I attended a hospital for two months, and my case puzzled even the clever doctors there. Reduced to a mere skeleton (for eating was impossible) I lingered in a dreadful state until four months ago I met an old friend who asked me why I didn't try Dr. Williams' pink pills—they always set him up. I purchased a bottle, and it made me a great deal better. By the time I had finished a second bottle I was rapidly putting on flesh. My appetite returned, and I enjoy my meals now, without any ill after-effects. My improved health, after only three bottles is a revelation. I have not felt so well for over ten years as I do at the present time. There has never been the least return of the pain."

"Nerves broken down by worry and work set up the most difficult form of chronic indigestion. Broken nerves are nerves starved for the want of blood. Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people—genuine only with full name, seven words—make blood. They banish anaemia and the pains that afflict the weaker sex. But they are equally valuable for men, having cured indigestion, palpitations, bile, nervous depression, eczema, rheumatism, paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, and nervous disorders. Two shillings and ninepence for one bottle or thirteen and ninepence for six sent to Dr. Williams' medicine co., Holborn-viaduct, London, will bring the pills by return post. But they can be had at most medicine shops, if readers insist on the genuine."

It is a Painful Portrait that the Photographer whose case is described above gives of himself. His experience should be a guide to others.

AN APPEAL.

THE SUPERIORESS of the ITALIAN CONVENT, CAINE ROAD, begs most respectfully to APPEAL to the Residents or Hongkong and the Coast Ports, for their kind patronage and support, and desires to state that she will be pleased to receive orders for all kinds of NEEDLE WORK.

Gentlemen's Shirts made to order, and Cuffs and Collars renewed on old ones.

Ladies and Children's Under-clothing, Children's Dresses, and all kinds of Embroidery, Materials can be supplied, if required.

The Superiores will also be most grateful for any PAPER, or old ENVELOPES to be made into Books for the Children of the Poor Schools, who are taught by the Sisters.

Hongkong, 22nd April, 1895.

Consignees.

"BARBER" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE STEAMSHIP "SHIMOSA," FROM NEW YORK.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 30th instant will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 3rd proximo, or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 30th instant at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by DODWELL & Co., LIMITED, Agents.

Hongkong, 24th June, 1905. [682]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer

"TIENTSIN,"

FROM BOMBAY AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Goods not cleared by the 30th instant, at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees' and the Company's representative, at an appointed hour.

All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised.

No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

L. S. LEWIS,
Acting Superintendent.

Hongkong, 23rd June, 1905. [2]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer

"FORMOSA,"

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, MALTA, PORT SAID, SUEZ AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

This vessel brings on Cargo:—
From London, &c., ex S.S. Persia.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless otherwise given to the contrary before 4 P.M.

Goods not cleared by the 28th instant, at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.

Damaged Packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees' and the Company's representative, at an appointed hour.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here after which date they cannot be recognised.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.

L. S. LEWIS,
Acting Superintendent.

Hongkong, 21st June, 1905. [2]

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN. IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"SACHSEN"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon, TO-DAY.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 27th instant will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on TUESDAY, the 27th instant, at 9.30 A.M.

All Claims must reach us before the 3rd of July, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned.

NORDEUTSCHER LLOYD.

MELCHERS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, 21st June, 1905. [3]

AN APPEAL.

THE SUPERIORESS of the ITALIAN CONVENT, CAINE ROAD, begs most respectfully to APPEAL to the Residents or Hongkong and the Coast Ports, for their kind patronage and support, and desires to state that she will be pleased to receive orders for all kinds of NEEDLE WORK.

Gentlemen's Shirts made to order, and Cuffs and Collars renewed on old ones.

Ladies and Children's Under-clothing, Children's Dresses, and all kinds of Embroidery, Materials can be supplied, if required.

The Superiores will also be most grateful for any PAPER, or old ENVELOPES to be made into Books for the Children of the Poor Schools, who are taught by the Sisters.

Hongkong, 22nd April, 1895.

Auction.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

MESSRS HUGHES AND HOUGH have received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON

FRIDAY,

the 21st day of July, 1905, at 2 P.M., at their Sales Rooms,

THE FOLLOWING

VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY,

Intimations.



A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

WINE AND SPIRIT
MERCHANTS.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

SHERRIES.

BOTTLED BY

GEO. G. SANDEMAN SONS &
CO., LTD.

Per dozen.

Light Dry	\$13.00
Solera	18.00
Very Pale Dry	18.00
Full Golden	21.00
Pale Dry Nutty	24.00
Fine Old Brown	36.00

A. S. WATSON & Co.
LIMITED,

Agents in Hongkong and South China for

SANDEMAN'S WINES.

ESTABLISHED 1841.

Hongkong, 22nd June, 1905.

GREGOR & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1904.

THEREFORE

NEITHER ANTIQUATED

NOR FOSSILIZED

BUT STRICTLY

UP-TO-DATE.

SHERRIES.

BOTTLED BY

GEO. G. SANDEMAN SONS &
CO., LTD.

per case

Light Dry	\$14.00
Very Pale Dry	18.00
Pale Dry Nutty	26.00
Fine Old Brown	39.00

N.B.—Owing to existing Competition we still give

10 per % discount

on all Messrs. SANDEMAN'S WINES

LISTED BY U.S.

GREGOR & Co.

IMPORTERS OF

SANDEMAN'S WINES.

Hongkong, 23rd June, 1905.

BIRTHS.
On 16th June, at Shanghai, the wife of HENRY MORSE, of a son.
On 17th June, at Shanghai, the wife of NARIO KIMURA, of a daughter.
On 17th June, at Chefoo, North China, the wife of Captain A. PARTRIDGE, of a son.
On 17th June, at Kiukiang, to Edith and Walter J. Clennell (H. B. M.'s Consul), a daughter, BERVIL JOY.
On 17th June, at Shanghai, the wife of J. E. D. COSTA, of a son.
On 22nd June, at Shanghai, the wife of J. DALTON, of a son.

The Hongkong Telegraph

HONGKONG, MONDAY, JUNE 26, 1905.

DEBASED COINAGE IN CHINA.

A very real danger to the commercial prosperity of China, affecting both foreign and native residents alike, has just been brought to the attention of the *doyen* of the Diplomatic Corps at Peking by the Chairman of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce. It is with regard to the enormous expansion which has recently taken place in the coining of 10-cash pieces, the depreciated value of the coins as coins, and the manifold evils which are likely to follow in the wake of a depreciated currency. The question has not the vital interest to the people of Hongkong that it has to those of Shanghai, but granting that the chairman of the northern Chamber of Commerce is right, and the protest ignored, it is bound eventually to seriously affect the native population here, and through them, the native banks and business establishments. The matter is considered to be of so grave a character that one of our northern contemporaries does not hesitate to say that if a stop is not put to this increase in the coining of 10-cash pieces "it is not at all unlikely that a rebellion will follow." According to the figures published there has been an enormous increase in the number of Mints established in the provinces, and a corresponding increase in the number of minting machines at work. The machines at the old mints have also been increased, as witness these figures—Canton, 50 old machines, 30 new—total 80; Hangchow, 16 old machines, 80 new—total 96; Hunan, 4 old machines, 36 new—total, 40; Chili, 100 new machines; and so on. The point is this, when all these machines are in full working order, and they are expected to reach that stage within six months, the Provincial Mints will be producing 10-cash pieces to the number of 16,413 million per annum, or an average of 40 pieces per capita for a population of four hundred millions. Obviously, in a country like China, that is far in excess of the actual requirements. Of course, there is method in the madness of these officials, who have sanctioned the establishment of these Mints. Taking as a basis the present price of copper, say £72 per ton (and 108,700 tons would be used every year) the profits of the Mints amount to some 35 or 40 per cent. Of that, one-third is retained by the Provincial Mint authorities and two-thirds go into the pockets of the Viceroy. So that the greater the number of coins minted the greater the profits for the Viceroys. Two dangers are pointed out by the Chairman of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce—first that "owing to the large profit in the production thereof to all concerned, larger quantities will in course of time be turned out than required." Should this occur the new coins would inevitably go to a heavy discount, causing the manifold evils attendant on a depreciated currency, and most serious disturbance to all trade, internal and external. And, second, that "the temptation would crop up to lower the standard of the coin in order to keep up a high level of profit in the production thereof, should its circulating value decline." Moreover, it is pointed out that the Chinese authorities are evading obligations which China entered into with the Foreign Powers, when she agreed to establish a uniform national coinage. The 10-cash pieces as they stand are rated at something like 100 per cent. above their intrinsic value; if they start on the downward course of depreciation it is only reasonable to expect, as the chairman of the Shanghai Chamber points out, that in the end their purchasing power will be reduced 50 per cent. It is therefore absolutely necessary that the supply should be regulated according to the demand, and the coins should be maintained at their full and proper standard. The claim of the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce is an eminently reasonable and business-like one. It is the voice of commercial integrity protesting against vice-regal greed and speculation. If there is a way to grind a penny out of the pockets of the poor Chinese, depend upon it the authorities will discover it; and no doubt this plan of issuing a debased coin, appealed strongly to the Chinese official mind. The protest, then, of the foreign community will have to be strongly pushed at headquarters if it is to succeed. Whether the diplomatic corps at Peking is able to succeed in this matter remains to be seen. It is of vital importance to those engaged in trade in the Far East that the currency of China should be placed on a sound basis; China has promised to establish a uniform national coinage, and

the sooner that desideratum is obtained the better it will be for all parties, except those whose existence depends upon "speculative pigeon." It may be added, that in this connection, Mr. H. B. Morse, of the Statistical Department of the Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs, in the course of his trade reports for 1904, expresses some doubts as to the wisdom of issuing the 10-cash piece at all. There was an issue of these coins between the years 1851 and 1861, but although accepted at the capital they were rejected by the rest of the empire. The success of the new issue, however, has been pronounced. "Inscribed by some Mints as worth one-hundredth of a dollar and by others as 'ten mills' the people have uniformly correlated them to the cash and not to the dollar." He holds that if the people have to carry cents in their pockets instead of mills their little comforts will be cut off, and families living in comfort on sixpence a day at present will find themselves reduced to the level of a bare subsistence. One hundred cents, which are only intrinsically equal to two-fifths of their exchange equivalent, 100 mills, are circulating side by side and by economic law the mill is bound to go. "Is China prepared for this?" asks Mr. Morse. "Is her industry ready to provide a living wage in cents to the man who is now paid in mills?" Mr. Morse holds that the question should receive the closest study, and the best expert advice should be obtained, because the matter will not admit of delay.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

CHIANG Yen-mao has been ordered by wire to return to China at once.

THE German mail of the 24th May was delivered in London on the 23rd inst.

THERE is an authentic report to the effect, that on payment of seven million taels the Hankow Canton Railway may be restored to the Chinese.

THE Empress of China has given ten thousand taels, or £1,250, toward the hospital which the London Missionary Society has erected in Peking.

THE Shanghai papers contain lengthy reports of the *s.s. Samson* case. We notice that Mr. W. J. Gresson is on the jury, also that L. H. F. Drakeford was fined £5 for not answering to his name when it was called.

THE *Kobe Herald* of the 12th inst. mentions the sad death of Mr. James G. Murray, of Birch, Kirby & Co., Kobe. He was under thirty years of age, and had been five years in Kobe, and was very popular.

LOCAL cricketers will be interested to learn that the *Shanghai Cricket Club* have been invited to play on the 5th prox at Shanghai of Miss Nellie Rosa Scott, daughter of Capt. J. A. Scott, and Mr. George M. Billings—the C. B. Fry of the East.

WE understand that many of the *likin* stations in the interior have not been abolished yet. Viceroy Chow Fu at present has the idea that these stations are really disadvantageous to traders. In order to extend commerce in the interior, he thinks, they should be wholly abolished.—*Eastern Times*.

IN the High Court of Weihaiwei last week two natives were found guilty of manslaughter, and Mr. J. C. E. Douglas, the acting judge, who, together with Messrs. H. P. Wilkinson (Crown Advocate) and F. Ellis, went from Shanghai for the trial sentenced them each to seven years' penal servitude to be undergone at Hongkong.

ADMIRAL Le Chun, of the Imperial Chinese Navy, who arrived in this Colony on board the *s.s. Kwang-tai* from Shanghai, paid a visit to the Governor this afternoon, at half-past twelve. The proceedings were purely formal, and after an exchange of courtesies, the admiral, who was accompanied by some of the members of his suite, left Government House.

THE Japanese authorities are very determined in their efforts to stamp out plague. The Kagawa Kencho authorities have decided to burn over twenty houses in which cases of bubonic plague occurred. This will necessitate an expenditure of ¥11,250. It was recently discovered that a serious outbreak of plague in a Kagawa village had been concealed from the authorities.

THE British Landowners at Tientsin have unanimously authorised the Council to raise by loan the sum of Tls. 450,000 for the improvement of the Taku Bar. It is to be secured by a levy of wharfage dues at the rate of 1 per mill, and tonnage dues of 1 mace per ton per trip on shipping coming to the Peiho. This resolution was unanimously supported at a very full meeting of the Tientsin General Chamber of Commerce, held the following day.

A MEETING has been held at Shanghai of a large number of the native employees of the Imperial Maritime Customs service, here at which speeches were made protesting against the provisions of the proposed new Chinese Exclusion Bill of the United States Government. The employees of the I. M. C., throughout the country, are to be asked for their support so that the United States Government may know that China is united on the present question. It is stated that the Waiwups find this attitude decidedly strengthened by the firm and united front shown by all classes in the Empire.

MESSRS. Bradley & Co., agents for the Northern Assurance Co., send us the annual report of the institution.

THE salary to be paid to Mr. George Alexander when he plays the hero in Mr. Hall Caine's melodrama, *The Prodigal Son*, at Drury Lane, in the autumn, is £250 a week for twelve weeks, paid in advance.

MR. J. McCubbin (received 2.) beat Mr. J. Wilson (received 60) by 30 points in the final heat in the billiard handicap for the cup presented by Mr. J. Lambert, Junior, Vice-President of the Engineers and Shipbuilders Institute.

ADMIRAL Dewey's Vermont birthplace was valued, during the months after his return from Manila Bay, at \$10,000. It is now estimated as worth less than the mortgage of \$2,500 which had been placed on it. *Sic transit gloria Mantis*.

WE are informed that the name of the winner of the Bronze medal in the Belletts examination, presented on Saturday by H. E. the Governor, is Ellis Hyndman, and not Eva Hyndman, as we stated in our issue of Saturday. The mistake was due to the illegible copy supplied to the Press.

THE *Straits Times* hears that a high official of the Tanjong Pagar Dock Company has had to be provided with a police guard both by day and night in consequence of threats which have been made against his life. By a certain section of the Dock workmen in regard to payment for overtime.

THE captain of the *Olug*, at Manila, is preparing a report of the battle in which the Tsar's navy went down to defeat, to his home government, and in order to secure accuracy, in every detail, is taking the testimony of every member of the crew of the vessel. The report will be supplemented by a collection of fragments of Japanese six-inch shells.

AS an object lesson to the Chinese, the economic and administrative self-government of Shanghai has been aptly described as "the missionary in the East." As an object lesson to Europe, the complete failure of the Chinese to profit by the example thus set is one which cannot be ignored. At least, this is what Mr. Alleyne Ireland writes in the *Los Angeles Times*.

THE Kudat correspondent of the *Parak Pioneer*, writing on 5th inst., states:—The steamer *Borneo* left this yesterday with 20,000 cubic feet of lumber for Hongkong. The *Singora* will leave this to-morrow evening. She is taking 40,000 cubic feet of lumber to Shanghai. Both steamers have on this occasion loaded only the timber belonging to the China-Borneo Co.

THE 41st Dogras, at Jullundur, will go to China in the coming autumn, on its first tour of foreign service since it was raised. The regiment was formed five years ago as the 41st Dogra Infantry, and, as its name indicates, it is a class one of eight companies of the warlike Dogras. It is commanded by Lieutenant-Colonel E. T. Gastrell, its first commandant, and formerly of the Leinster Regiment. The uniform is scarlet with yellow facings.

INVALIDS FROM HONGKONG.

EXTRAORDINARY TREATMENT.

SOME startling facts concerning the treatment of a batch of British seamen who have been invalided home from China have leaked out.

On 7th March 21 men left the Royal Naval Hospital at Hongkong and joined H.M.S. *Vengeance*, on which they proceeded to Colombo, where they were transferred to H.M.S. *Barfleur*, which brought them to Portsmouth. They were at once sent to Haslar Hospital, where it was found that most of them were very ill indeed.

Amongst them were several lunatics, and men suffering from broken limbs, consumption, pleurisy, and heart disease.

The story of their experiences on the way home is almost incredible.

"CRIBBED, CABINED, AND CONFINED." They declare that they were quartered on the *Vengeance* in the starboard foremast upper deck case-mate, an apartment 20 feet in length and 14 feet wide. In addition to their bags and hammocks, this confined space contained one 6-inch gun, one table, and a stool.

On the *Barfleur* they were even worse off. They declare that not only did the case-mate in which they were put possess the same limited accommodation as that on the *Vengeance*, but that it had to be cleaned out before they could live in it, while for 48 hours they were denied even the luxury of their table and solitary chair.

Moreover, they complain that throughout the voyage they were improperly fed, and would have suffered from shortness of food but for the kindness of the men on the lower deck, who now and again secured for them such little luxuries as bread and butter and pudding. Their ordinary rations were mostly salt beef and biscuits.

After leaving Colombo it was found necessary to put two of the invalids to bed, and a third was victimised on sick ration.

GRATUITOUS AMOVANCE.

Another grievance of the men is, says the *Morning Leader*, they were unnecessarily annoyed by the gunnery lieutenant, who compelled them to take their baggage and mess gear out of the case-mate at least twice a day and go on to the upper deck, while the gun crew drilled in the case-mate, and this despite the fact that there are ten 9-inch guns in the ship.

These invalids were, they say, fed on a principle which allowed six of them four men's ordinary rations, and in some cases they had received no pay for about four months.

NAVAL NOTES.

H.M.S. *Diadem* arrived here yesterday.

The German gunboat *Illie* left for Pakhoi on Saturday.

It is rumoured that river work in China and elsewhere is to be entrusted to destroyers, but such a course, says the *Naval and Military Record*, can only end in failure, besides being injurious alike to the boats and their crews. While for strategic purposes it may be considered desirable to maintain the present grouping of our squadrons, it is held by many that a return to the employment of specially-designed "patrol vessels" on our distant stations, such as the Pacific, Cape, and China, is most desirable for the reasons above stated. It is also suggested that there should be an extension of our war reserves, and that at Hongkong, Simon's Town, and Sydney two or more armoured cruisers should be manned with nucleus crews, to be made up to full strength by the crews of the patrol vessels, and that the crews of these patrol vessels should be charged every six months, so that every man would be kept in the highest state of efficiency.

SPECULATION ON PEACE CONDITIONS.

A certain foreigner in Shanghai is alleged to have received an authentic report about the peace conditions of Japan which are the following four items:—

1. Russia shall restore Manchuria to China and evacuate and leave Manchuria under the perfect sovereignty of China.
2. All the Russian warships in Chinese waters shall be handed over to Japan.
3. An indemnity of 1,400 million roubles shall be paid to Japan.
4. For a certain period of years Russian warships shall not be allowed to ply in the Far Eastern waters or not to come out of the Baltic Sea.—*Universal Gazette*.

Peking, 17th June.

Ho Wei-teh, the Chinese Minister to St. Petersburg, has wired to the *Wai-wu-pu* that there is a rumour in St. Petersburg that Japan intends to claim from Russia the following five conditions:—

- 1.—To cede Saghalien Island to Japan.
- 2.—To open Vladivostok as a free port.
- 3.—To pay an indemnity amounting to two thousand millions.
- 4.—To hand over the concession and rights of the Chinese Eastern Railway.
- 5.—To hand over all the Russian concessions and rights in Manchuria.—*Eastern Times*.

A TOKIO VIEW.

There are probably many various opinions as to what terms Japan ought to demand from Russia. A Tokio dispatch says many different opinions are held by prominent men in all classes, but it gives the following as being generally agreed upon:—

- 1.—That the lease of Taiwan (Daini), Port Arthur, and other concessions obtained by Russia in Manchuria be transferred to Japan.
- 2.—That Manchuria be opened to the commerce of the world, and the administration of Manchuria be taken in hand by Japan until order has been completely restored.
- 3.—That the Russian warships interned in neutral ports be delivered to Japan.
- 4.—That the Eastern Chinese Railway become Japanese property.
- 5.—That Saghalien be ceded to Japan.
- 6.—That that part of the Amur region ceded to Russia by China in virtue of the Peking Treaty be ceded to Japan.
- 7.—That the Amur and its tributaries be declared neutral waters, and that warships of the Powers be allowed to use the waters freely.
- 8.—That a certain area on the frontier of China and Siberia be made a neutral zone where all military operations and undertakings shall be prohibited.
- 9.—That the minimum amount of indemnity be ¥2,000,000,000 to ¥3,000,000,000.

One opinion urges that the amount of indemnity need not be fixed, and it should be arranged that all expenditure incurred by the campaign as well as all other expenditure arising in connection with the war be paid by Russia.

It is stated that Professor Terao, an authority on the law of nations, who is a Foreign Office Counsellor, has sent in his resignation in order that he may be free to publicly express his opinion as an expert on the terms of peace.—*Japan Chronicle*.

SHIPPING AND MAILS.

MAILS DUE.

American (*Siberia*) 27th inst.
Canadian (*Tartar*) 28th inst. 8 a.m.
English (*Chusan*) 28th inst. 6 a.m.
German (*Willehad*) 29th inst.
Canadian (*Empress of Japan*) 3rd prox.
German (*Scharnhorst*) 5th prox.

The *s.s. Tremont* sailed from Seattle on 24th inst. for usual ports of call.

The *s.s. Afghan Prince* from New York left Singapore on 24th inst., and is expected here on 31st inst.

The Imperial German Mail *s.s. Willehad* left Moji on Sunday at 10 a.m., and may be expected here on Thursday 5 p.m.

The Imperial German Mail *s.s. Prinz Waldermar* which left here on 20th inst., arrived at Kobe on Sunday at 10 a.m.

The Imperial German Mail *s.s. Sachsen* which left here on 22nd inst. a.m., arrived at Shanghai on Saturday at 6 p.m.

The P. M. S. S. Co.'s *s.s. Siberia* with mails, &c., left Shanghai, for this port on 25th inst. at 2 a.m., and is due here on 27th inst. at daylight.

The C. P. R. Co.'s *s.s. Tartar* arrived at Shanghai at 4 a.m. on 24th inst., and left again at midnight, same day, for Hongkong, where she is due to arrive at 8 a.m. on 25th inst.

The Imperial German Mail *s.s. Schanghai* carrying the German Mail with dates from Berlin of the 6th inst., left Colombo on Saturday, p.m., and may be expected here on 5th prox.

TELEGRAM.

"HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" SERVICE.

THE *s.s. "SAMSON."*

FINDING OF THE JURY.

PURCHASE OF THE *s.s. "EDENDALE."*

[From Our Own Correspondent.]

Shanghai, 24th June,
4.10 p.m.

In the action brought by A. Pavlov against T. C. R. Ward to recover £11,100,000 damages for the alleged wrongful conversion of the *s.s. Samson*, the Jury have found that the plaintiff was acting as an agent of the Russians in purchasing the boat, and also that it was part of a scheme to reach Port Arthur.

They further found that the defendant had authorized the purchase of the *s.s. Edendale* to be used as a hospital ship.

[The above was received too late for insertion in our issue of Saturday—Ed. H.K.T.]

THE DISPUTED COAL BILL.

JUDGMENT FOR DEFENDANT.

Some time since we reported the opening of a case in which a coal merchant, named Tai Wing, with business premises at 124, Des Voeux Road, sued a launch owner of 98, Connaught Road, named Cheung Yan Po, for the sum of \$320 20.

The hearing was adjourned, and this morning it again came before the Puisse Judge, when Mr. R. Harding, of Messrs. Ewens, Harston and Harding, represented the plaintiff, and Mr. Master of Messrs. Johnson, Stokes and Master, appeared for the defendant.

Further evidence was given, and his Lordship found in favour of the defendant with costs.

THE HONGKONG VOLUNTEER RESERVE ASSOCIATION.

The following were the principal scores in the Pool competition for the members of the Hongkong Volunteer Reserve Association held at the King's Park range on Saturday, viz:—Messrs. F. Maxfield, 41 plus 24=65; W. G. Winterburn, 51 plus 16=67; J. G. Gow, 64 plus 24=88; P. L. Miller, 42 plus 24=66; L. G. Bird, 56 plus 6=62; J. H. Pidgeon, 56 plus 58=114; A. Mackenzie, 53 plus 25=78; C. Collier, 47 plus 8=55; A. Mol, 48 plus 4=52; W. B. Boyce, 44 plus 8=52; and W. H. T. Davis, 41 plus 6=50. Mr. F. Maxfield was the winner of the competition. The King's Park (500 yards) range will be available from 4 to 6.30 p.m. on Wednesday next, the 28th inst., to enable those members who have not already shot for the Governor's Cup for June to do so.

SINKING OF THE "TATAROS."

RUSSIAN WANTONNESS.

Great excitement was caused in Batavia on Wednesday the 14th inst., by the arrival of the Russian converted cruiser *Rion* at that port. She brought with her the Captain, Officers and crew of the German steamer *Tartarus* which she deliberately sank under circumstances detailed hereafter.

After landing them she proceeded to take in coal. A Dutch gunboat meanwhile went alongside her, and two others were waiting in the outside harbour with steam up, for the purpose of enforcing the neutrality of the port. The *coaling* went on the whole day and it was confidently expected that she would leave at daylight on Thursday. She however remained in port the whole of Thursday, and it is said that pressure had to be brought to bear on her in order to induce her to leave. At all events, she did not sail till late on 11 p.m. and midnight on Thursday. She took in 1,000 tons of coal and her destination is supposed to be Odessa, while some say that she proceeds to Madagascar. A couple of petty officers and about 40 of the crew of the *Rion* left the ship and went ashore at Batavia. These were left behind and are detained there pending instructions from the Russian Government.

The circumstances connected with the sinking of the *Tartarus* are as follows:—That vessel, which was commanded by Captain Deiler, was on a voyage from Otaru in Japan to Tientsin with a cargo of timber and sleeper. She carried a crew of 7 European and 29 Chinese. She also had on board 7 Japanese, who were employed as tally clerks. On May 28, when she was stopped by the Russian cruiser *Rion* and thoroughly searched for contraband of war but nothing was found in her. The Russian commander then ordered Captain Deiler to lower his boats and convey his officers and crew on board the cruiser without delay as he was going to sink the *Tartarus*. The captain had no option but to obey, so he took his log book and ship's papers and such clothing as could be handily removed and went on board the *Rion*.

The *Tartarus* was then made a target of, and sank after a few shots—a very pleasurable pastime, no doubt, for the valorous commander of the *Rion*. She then cruised about for about 5 days, there being a heavy fog on, and ultimately made for Batavia, where Captain Deiler, his officers and crew were landed. There they took passage by the M. M. steamer *La Seyne* which left Batavia at 5.00 on Friday, the 10th, and arrived in Singapore 19th inst.—S. P. Press.

TELEGRAMS.

[Private Telegram.]

CHINESE ENGINEERING.

INTERIM DIVIDEND DECLARED.

Messrs. Benjamin, Kelly and Potts inform us that they are advised by telegraph that the Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Limited, has declared an interim dividend of one shilling per share (Coupon No. 4).

[Reuter's.]

Canada and Japan.

LONDON, 23rd June.

In the Canadian House of Commons, the Minister of Agriculture announced that a despatch was sent to the Foreign Office on 6th instant, asking that Canada should be included in the Anglo-Japanese Commercial Treaty of 1894, the Tokyo Government having intimated that they were willing to overlook the previous refusal of Canada to participate.

The Morocco Conference.

Later.

It is intimated in Berlin, that M. Rouvier's note re the proposed conference on the Morocco question, is not regarded as satisfactory.

Russian Reforms.

The Russian Government has issued a circular rebuking the newspapers for constraining the Tsar's speech to the Zemstvos as promising the establishment of a National Assembly on a constitutional basis; the Tsar simply meant that the convocation would be strictly in accordance with the fundamental laws of the empire.

The Russian Volunteer Cruisers.

23rd June.

Reuter's correspondent in St. Petersburg wires that, as the outcome of the British representations, British war ships will be despatched to convey orders to the *Dnieper* and *Rion* to cease interference with shipping and to return to Russia immediately.

Trade with Japan.

It has been decided in Copenhagen to start a company to trade between Japan and Scandinavia.

[N. C. D. News.]

Driving the Russians out of Korea.

Tokyo, 21st June.

It is officially announced that a portion of the Japanese force in North Korea occupied Kuonsong completely at eleven yesterday morning, several thousand Russians with artillery retreating towards Siungso, ten miles north of Kuonsong.

22nd June.

The retirement of the Russians from the Kuonsong region on receipt of the news of the Tsushima defeat, was due to the insufficiency of their provisions and the weakness of their rearward. Two or three thousand Russians are still south of the Tumen. The Japanese cavalry vanguard is already north of Kuonsong.

The Russians at the Front.

Tokyo, 22nd June.

There are indications that the force on the extreme west of General Linievich's army is removing towards the railway. This probably implies that the General is anxious about the preservation of the railway, and endorses the belief that his line of defence is established between Changchun and Kirin.

Some of the papers suggest that general activity will take place shortly; the reliable consensus of opinion is that it will take place after the rainy season.

The Japanese Advance.

Tokyo, 21st June.

It is officially reported that the situation on the 19th inst. was as follows:—

In the Wei-yuan-pien district (on the Kai-yuan-Kirin road) a Japanese detachment which occupied Lien-hueichieh (about 20 miles up the road) unopposed has since been driving off the Russians toward Kirin. The same detachment occupied Yangmulin, twenty miles north-east of Wei-yuan-pien, and another force occupied the north-western height of Shihuiwo, which is seven miles north of Yangtsin, and eleven north of Wei-yuan-pien. The Japanese advanced, drove off the Russians from the Yangtsin vicinity and subsequently expelled and routed to the northwards the Russians who were holding the neighbouring heights.

In the Changtu region a detachment, marching near the railway and expelling the Russian infantry and cavalry, occupied the southern height of Itsumuotse. A detachment along the Fenghua road expelled the Russians from the vicinity of Lei-feng-cheng-tou and occupied Liutiaokou, eighteen miles north of Chantu by a furious infantry and artillery fire.

THE N. C. D. News learns that it was generally understood in Tsingtao, that a secret service message had been received by the German Admiral there to the effect that General Stoessel had been found guilty of having sold Port Arthur for three million yen, and had been shot in accordance with the finding and sentence of a Court-martial. No secret was made of this, we understand, in Tsingtao; but pending confirmation, we give the report with all reserve. A correspondent writing later from Tsingtao said that Vice Admiral von Prittwitz authorized him to state that he has not received any telegram about the proceedings instituted against General Stoessel.

A PROBATE MATTER.

Before his Lordship, the Chief Justice, this morning, the case of Choy Ho Shi, Choy Kan Shi, and Choy Shing, versus Choy Chung was heard. This was an application for the granting of probate of the last will and codicil, respectively, dated 16th September, 1902, and 25th July, 1903 of Choy Chan, deceased.

Mr. H. E. Pollock, K.C., instructed by Mr. F. B. Deacon, of Messrs. Deacon, Looker and Deacon, appeared for the plaintiff, the defendant not being represented and not appearing in person.

Mr. Pollock said this was an action brought by the plaintiffs as legal personal representatives of Choy Chan, deceased, and asked the Court to decree probate of the said will and codicil in their favour in solemn form of law. As there was no defendant present or represented, and therefore no defence, it was only necessary for him to refer to the law in such cases, which provided that probate might issue on proof of the due and proper execution of the will of which probate was sought, and for this purpose he would call Mr. F. B. Deacon, of the firm of Messrs. Deacon, Looker and Deacon.

Mr. Deacon testified to the drawing up by him, from instructions received from Choy Chan, of the will and codicil respectively, in question, and of the due execution and attestation thereof, in his (witness's) office.

Mr. Low Tat, interpreter in the office of Messrs. Deacon, Looker and Deacon, spoke to the interpreting of the will and codicil by himself to the deceased, who had a thorough and full knowledge and understanding of the contents thereof, respectively, before signing the same.

Mr. Pollock said that, that being all that was necessary in the matter, he would ask His Lordship to grant probate of the will and codicil as prayed.

His Lordship granted probate to plaintiffs in solemn form of law, the defendant being ordered to pay the costs of the action.

SHIPPING JETSAM.

Rickmers have sold their steamer, *Ellen Rickmers*, to the Hamburg-America Line. The vessel has been renamed the *Liberia*, and has left for the Far East.

The river str. *Tajoo Maru* (formerly the *Tahung Maru*) which has been reconstructed by Messrs. S. C. Farnham, Boyd and Co., Ltd., for the owners—the Osaka Shosen Kaisha—has had a most successful trial trip.

The second of two cargo-receiving hulks, which Messrs. S. C. Farnham, Boyd and Co., Ltd., have just completed for the Yangtze River, to the order of Messrs. Butterfield and Swire, has been launched from the Pootung Shipbuilding Works.

The Lord Treasurer of Soochow has consulted with the Shanghai Taotai with a view of dredging the Whampoa River, and has promised to raise a fund for this enterprise. In addition to this fund, he will take from the governmental mint a sum of 55,000 taels.

The Mitsubishi Dockyard has been instructed by the N. Y. K. to construct a steamer of 6,750 tons, which will take the place of the *Hitachi Maru*, which was sunk by the Russians last year. The Toyo Kisen Kaisha have ordered two steamers, each of 13,000 tons, from the same dockyard.

At Kobe, on the 12th, the captain of the British steamer *Chinn*, under charter to the N.Y.K., prosecuted a Chinaman named Chin-seei wei, twenty-eight years of age, who was employed as cook on that vessel on a charge of wilfully putting powdered glass into food prepared for the chief engineer.

The *Fengtien* has been launched from Scott's Shipbuilding and Engineering Company, Greenock, for the China Navigation Company. She is a steel screw-steamer of a length of 267 ft.; breadth, 40 ft.; depth, 18 ft.; masted, and a carrying capacity of about 2,000 tons. Triple-expansion engines will be supplied by the builders. The *Fengtien* has been constructed in the short time of 15 weeks.

The *Mutschi* states that a number of the mines carried by the Russian warships which were sunk in the Battle of the Japan Sea are reported to be coming to the surface. Owing to the currents, the mines from those vessels which went down near the Japanese coast are believed to be floating in the direction of the Tsushima and Korea Straits, while those from vessels which sunk far from the coast are expected to appear near Noto province and Sado island.

THE WEATHER.

The following report is from Mr. F. G. Figg, First Assistant of the Hongkong Observatory:—On the 26th at 12.5 p.m. The barometer has fallen on the China coast, particularly in the North.

Pressure remains high over E. Japan, and a shallow area of low pressure lies over Shanghai.

Gradients are slight in S. China and moderate SE winds may be expected in the Formosa Channel and the N. part of the China Sea.

Forecast:—moderate SE winds; showery.

Telegraphic communication with Gap Rock is interrupted.

It appears, says the *Japan Mail*, that while on board the *Karagi*, probably on his way to Sasebo after the surrender at the Liangkold Rocks, Admiral Nebogoff attempted to commit suicide with a pistol. The officers of the *Karagi* were just in time to prevent the fatal act. It is said that the Admiral seemed quite cool and collected at the time. He had surrendered, doubtless, in order to save the lives of those under his command, but he must have had a strong desire to prove that the preservation of his own life had not entered into the account.

KWANG-CHO-WAN ATROCITIES.

CONGO HORRORS OUTDONE.

THRILLING STORIES OF TONKIN.

A terrible story of atrocities committed on the natives of Kwang-cho-wan by French officials—horror that are described as being worse than anything heard of in the Congo. Free State are reported in *Le Courrier Saigonnais*, which copies the story from *L'Avenir de Tonkin*. The *Courrier* says in an introduction that the despatches of their own correspondent on the subject told of such horrors that they abstained from publishing them, scarcely being able to conceive that they could be true. But the newspapers of Tonkin related the circumstances with all detail.

L'Avenir de Tonkin begins by saying that M. Sanvalle, inspector of the civil guard, indignantly that the sanguinary atrocities committed around him were vainly reported to the Governor-General. "There are more Tocoques than the one in the Congo," said the inspector. "The subjects of Messrs. Tocoque and Gaud have been martyred. One could hardly imagine a state of things so evil and miserable."

Proceeding, the writer says: The scenes of torture by the inquiry were renewed, with all the refinements of modern inventions. We have heard of death by immersion in boiling oil, the wheel and the rack. It was necessary then to find something new.

A prisoner would be found, often innocent of the crime of which he was accused, the victim of vengeance or malice. If he had no money to pay a ransom to the intermediaries, his gaolers, he was condemned to death in advance. That he was poor was sufficient argument for his accusers.

It frequently happened that the prisoner did not even know the crime of which he was accused. What did the laws matter? There were always willing witnesses to be found to denounce the poor prisoner of imaginary crimes. The prisoner had first to be interrogated.

He had to kneel on the ground against a tree. His feet were tied to the base. His hands were tied behind his back. So that he was half-falling all the time. His head, fettered, after he had been in this position for several hours, fell towards his stomach. Fired on the ground, upon a bamboo, was a bayonet pointing towards the throat of the prisoner, to remind him that he was in danger all the time.

Then the questions began. The official who presided had the Chinese before him near enough to give the prisoner a crack on the head when he forgot to give an answer. When the reply was not quick enough, the unfortunate man was struck on the head with a cane, and it took him all his time to keep from falling on the bayonet. After being struck by the cane, he would be slapped with the hand. He would fall forward, the point of the bayonet would prick his skin, another slap on the head; more penetration of the bayonet. Then he would be struck with the closed fist till at length the bayonet had penetrated his body several times.

The official varied his methods. During the eighteen months in which he committed his assassinations the same system grew monotonous. So he invented a new method. As Chinese were born white, and many wished to get to San Francisco, he would give them, he said, a free pass—he would make them white again. He got a machine like a grill, lighted a charcoal fire under it, and seated the victim of his ferocity on the grill. The grim humorist called out "That's how a pig should be grilled." As the skin swelled, hot irons were passed through the epidemics, just as if a repeat was being prepared.

But that was not the worst. There was a sort of graduated torture for the officer. New inspirations came to the victim. They were all pre-arranged to death, but there was a difference in the methods employed according to the humour and temper of the official. Sometimes the nails were pulled out one by one. Sometimes the prisoner was seated on a hot charcoal. Sometimes he was brought in stark naked, spread-eagled and disgusting ceremonies performed on the helpless victim. Sometimes red hot irons were thrust into the bodies of the poor unfortunate, the official joking and keeping up a continual flow of pleasantries. It was pretended that the use of red-hot poker to the body was an excellent surgical operation, that it cured certain unmentionable maladies, and that it was excellent for enlarging the knowledge especially of those who knew nothing.

It was horrible to witness these scenes. It recalled the worst atrocities of the Spanish conquerors in America. Nero himself in his delirium would have been affrighted. The first Christian martyrs in the circus did not suffer so greatly.

It frequently happened that the victim, during the torture, died or lost consciousness. Then the body would be buried with all haste, just as it was in the kitchen-garden of the residency. The European gardener, or the man who performed these functions, declared that the earth would be well fertilised. Thirty bodies were buried there. The truth of that was proved by the fact that an examining officer, sent to inquire into these things, exhumed several bodies.

In a second article, the writer tells of a journey to Mon-tao, situated in Chinese territory. Bandits were reported to be in hiding there and the barbarous official in question, decided to exterminate the band. They began by seizing the Chinese mandarin and when he pleaded that he could not proceed without orders from his superiors he was placed in front of the troop and told he would be shot if he tried to escape. The thieves, it is parenthetically stated, had long since left Mon-tao, but the commander of the troops cared nothing for that. He surrounded the village, set fire to it, and as the inhabitants rushed out they were shot down like mad dogs. A pathetic story is told of a boy 14 or 15 years old, who pleaded for the life of his grandfather, aged 70.

"Monseigneur le Resident, said the child, let me be the victim if you think that I am really culpable, but, of your mercy, spare my grandfather. He is old, feeble and ill. He could not have done anything. Mercy for him."

That was enough for this official. He took the boy to one side, and the old man was kicked to death in presence of the child. In the middle of the terrible scene the official sipped his coffee and a glass of wine. The youth was allowed to live.

The story as told by the French writer, occupies three and a half columns in the *Saigon Courrier*, and we have greatly curtailed it. Some of the scenes are almost beyond belief, and the narrative is written in a plain honest fashion which carries truth, or the appearance of truth, on its face. The name of the official is also given, but we have not thought it necessary to publish it, at least for the present.

ABOUT THE "SULLY"

Towards the end of June, says a French contemporary, Rear-Admiral de Jonquiere will relieve Vice-Admiral Bayle in the work of superintending the salvage operations which are proceeding at the *Sully*. When Admirals Bayle and de Jonquiere have finished a series of important, though smaller duties, they will be relieved from further service in Eastern Waters. Admiral Richard has been nominated to the chief command of the *Sully*.

The members of the *Société de Géographie Commerciale* of Saigon went on an excursion at Pentecost to the Bay of Along. They declared that they saw the *Sully* perched on a rocky, but there was no sign of the floating dock, which, in their opinion, was at the bottom of the sea.

SIR THOMAS JACKSON'S

STATUE EXHIBITED.

In his studio, Osnaburgh-street, Mr. Raggi has exhibited a bronze statue of Sir Thomas Jackson, Bart, formerly manager of the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank, and now chairman of the London Committee of the bank. The monument, 10 ft. in height, is a fine piece of work, the modeling of the head is good, and the whole pose natural and dignified. The statue will be erected in Hongkong near to the same sculptor's memorial of Sir Arthur Kennedy, a popular former governor, and his jubilee monument of Queen Victoria.

COMMERCIAL.

Advices from Shanghai, dated 22nd inst., state:—

Business reported:—Indo-China at Tls. 72 for July, at Tls. 73 for October. Farnham, Boyds at Tls. 158 for June, at Tls. 159 for July, at Tls. 163 September and at Tls. 164 for October. Sumatras at Tls. 68. Langkats at Tls. 221 for October. Municipal 54 per cent. Deb. at Tls. 91.

Business done direct:—Shanghai and Hongkong Wharfs at Tls. 187 for October; Indo-China at Tls. 72 for July. Farnham, Boyds at Tls. 158 for June. Ewos at Tls. 40. Perak Sugars at Tls. 70. Wei-hai-wei Gold at \$9 (\$7 paid up). Langkats at Tls. 220/19 for July, at Tls. 221 for October. Municipal 6 per cent. Deb. at Tls. 98.

SHANGHAI FREIGHT.

In their report of 22nd instant, Messrs. W. Lock and Co. state: There is still no change to report in our home freight market, although there are signs of tea coming forward soon in larger quantities, the native dealers having come down considerably, since the opening of the season in their ideas of prices. Coastwise:—We regret not to be able to report any improvement in coast rates since last writing as there is an increasing amount of tonnage being released from time-charter in Japan, besides which the *dull* season in river and coast freights is upon us and there is little or no coal in Japan offering for export, so that ship-owners must be prepared to face very unprofitable rates during the course of the next two or three months at least.

HEMP.

In their report of the 15th inst., Messrs. Warner, Barnes and Co., Ltd. (Manila) write:—Purchases since date of our last circular have continued on a considerable scale, though hardly on a par with arrivals, and dealers' stocks have consequently increased especially in higher grades, but it is mostly held in strong hands. Prices ruled during the fortnight on the basis of P. C. 18, 75 basis current, but with large arrivals during past week we do not quote to-day over P. C. 18.50, or say at exchange 2/0 11/6 = £35.4.0 f.o.b.

The figures in last public telegram sent give arrivals this year to Manila 341,431 bales and Cebu 66,958, against 389,483 bales and Cebu 4,810 last year. Showing that Cebu has so far more than counter-balanced the deficiency to Manila. Advices from Cebu state that from now onward we may look for a steady decrease there, and we get the same news from Albay and Leyte. We may expect, if the reports are well founded, that the long-threatened shortage will soon begin to manifest itself.

TO-DAY'S EXCHANGE.

Selling.	
London—Bank T.T.	107/16
Do demand	110/1
Do 4 months' sight	110/1
France—Bank T.T.	235
America—Bank T.T.	45 1/2
Germany—Bank T.T.	191
India T.T.	140
Do demand	140
Shanghai—Bank T.T.	71 1/2
Japan—Bank T.T.	91 1/2
Java—Bank T.T.	112 1/2
Buying.	
4 months' sight L/C	107
6 months' sight L/C	117 1/2
30 days' sight San Francisco & New York	46 1/2
4 months' sight do	46 1/2
30 days' sight Sydney and Melbourne	38 1/2
4 months' sight do	38 1/2
6 months' sight do	38 1/2
Bank of England rate	26 15/16
Sovereign	10.69

OPPIUM QUOTATIONS.

To-day's quotations are as follows:—	
	Per picul
Malwa New	1,140
" Old	1,160
" Older	1,230/1,260
" Oldest	1,340
Per chest	
Patna New	1,112
Benares New	1,080
Persian / Paney	780/910

Today's Advertisement.

THE GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE.
SHAREHOLDERS are reminded that the FINAL CALL of \$10 per Share on the new issue of Capital is due on the 30th June, 1905.
SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 26th June, 1905. (688)

Today's Advertisements.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
PAQUEBOTS-POSTE FRANCAIS.
FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.
THE Company's Steamship
"TOURANE."
Capt. Girard, will be despatched for the above Ports, TO-DAY, the 26th instant, at Midnight.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.
Hongkong, 26th June, 1905. (7)

S.S. "TOURANE."
COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from London, ex s.s. *Adour* and *Charante*, and from Bordeaux, ex s.s. *Ville de Rochefort*, in connection with above Steamer, are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, at Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded on unless intimation is received from the Consignees before Noon TO-DAY, requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Undersigned. Goods remaining unclaimed after MONDAY, the 3rd July, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before the 3rd July, or they will not be recognised.

All damaged packages will be examined on MONDAY, the 3rd July, at 3 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.
Hongkong, 26th June, 1905. (7)

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship

"KUMSANG"

having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their Goods will be delivered from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after 4 P.M. the 28th instant, will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be countersigned by
JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 26th June, 1905. (460)

SANITARY BOARD OFFICE, Hongkong.

TO THE OWNERS OF DOMESTIC BUILDINGS.

TAKE NOTICE that under No. 5 of the VENTILATION BYE-LAWS (as amended), every Domestic Building or part of such Building within the WESTERN DIVISION of the CITY OF VICTORIA occupied by members of more than one family must be Cleaned and Lime-washed THROUGHOUT by the owner during the months of May and June.

N.B.—The word "Throughout" used in this notice means that the Houses should be Lime-washed in respect of all the Walls of each Room and Staircase, all Cubicle Partitions, Stair Casings and Stair Linings, all Ceilings and the Undersides of Roofs both in Main Buildings, Offices and Servants' Quarters and inclusive of Verandahs.

The Back Yard should have its containing Walls Lime-washed up to the level of the first floor.

Carved, Painted or Polished Woodwork in good condition, however, need not be Lime-washed but must be Cleaned.

The Western Division of the City lies to the West of Tank Lane and Cleverley Street.
C. F. W. BOWEN-ROWLANDS,
Assistant Secretary.
Dated this 31st day of May, 1905. (685)

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from the Official Administrator, to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

ON WEDNESDAY,

the 28th June, 1905, at 11 A.M., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, corner of Ice House Street.

The Effects of the late JAMES MCCLACHLAN (Deceased),

Comprising:—

ENGINEERING AND DRAWING INSTRUMENTS, ENGINEERING and other BOOKS,

and A QUANTITY OF MISCELLANEOUS ARTICLES.

TERMS—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Government Auctioneers,
Hongkong, 26th June, 1905. (686)

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to sell by PUBLIC AUCTION,

FOR ACCOUNT OF THE CONCERNED, ON WEDNESDAY,

the 28th June, 1905, at 11.30 A.M., at their Sales Rooms, No. 8, Des Vaux Road, corner of Ice House Street.

A QUANTITY OF UMBRELLAS, SHIRTS, SINGLETES, FRENCH DRILLS, TABLE CLOTHS, SOAPS, 43 Boxes CREOSOL DISINFECTING FLUID, PROVISIONS, &c., &c., &c.,

AND ASSORTMENT OF GOLD AND SILVER JEWELLERY.
TERMS—As usual.
HUGHES & HOUGH,
Auctioneers.
Hongkong, 26th June, 1905. (689)

Intimations.

ROBINSON PIANO COMPANY, LD.

THE PUBLIC MAY RELY
IMPLICITLY ON GETTING
FROM US

PIANOS
OF THE
HIGHEST CLASS

EMBODYING THE VERY BEST

MUSICAL AND WEARING

QUALITIES.

AT

MODERATE PRICES.

OUR CLIENTS HAVE THE

ADVANTAGE OF OUR

30 YEARS' EXPERIENCE AS

EXPERTS,

DEVOTED

EXCLUSIVELY

TO THE PIANO TRADE.

WE ARE BY FAR THE

Mr. Fowler's development idea. Mr. Fowler contends, reasonably enough, that if the disks were moved back a few inches the radiating lines which mark the confines of the area of vision would be made, and the scope of vision thereby vastly increased. When the machine is perfected so that this can be done, Mr. Fowler sees no reason why everything which comes within this wide range of vision might not be seen by a person sitting at the end of the driveway. He says that by placing the machine on top of a transom in his house he has been able to distinguish teams and people passing in the street while he sat in a room with doors and windows closed.

Mr. Kwongtak from Shanghai—Experienced light varnish and fine weather throughout, passed the Robert K. with difficulty in tow & N. off Nomke, Lat. 27° 08' N. Long. 121° 15' E.

Vessels in Port.

Strangers.

Aleis Craig, Br. s.s., 1860, Moody, 24th June, Kuching 18th June, Coon, 18th June, Buford, Am. transport, 5000, Hall, 20th May, from Manila.

Derwent, Br. s.s., 1651, J. Jenkins, 21st June, 1860, 17th June, Gen., Chinese.

Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama
Honolulu and San Francisco—*Per Siberia*, 6
July, 11 A.M.
Samahai—*Per Lintan*, 6th July, 3 P.M.
Manila—*Per Zaffro*, 8th July, 11 A.M.
Manila, Zamboanga, Thursday Islan
Cockloona, Cairns, Townsville, Brisbane
Sydney, Hobart, Launceston, New Zealand
Melbourne, Adelaide and Perth—*Per Chicago*
10th July, 3 P.M.
Cebu and Iloilo—*Per Kasong*, 11th July
3 P.M.
Shanghai, Nagasaki, Kobe, Yokohama
Victoria and Vancouver, B.C.—*Per Empire*
of Japan, 12th July, 3 A.M.

Pistols	... ..	100	000	debroyer ...
Protée	... ..	100	000	sub-marine ...
Redoutable	... ..	100	000	battleship, res.
Babre	... ..	100	000	destroyer ...
Styx	... ..	100	000	armoured gun-
Sully	... ..	100	000	armoured cruis-
Surprise	... ..	100	000	gunboat ...
Taklang	... ..	100	000	river gunboat
Takou	... ..	100	000	destroyer ...
Vauban	... ..	100	000	battleship, res.
Vigilante	... ..	100	000	river gunboat

* Flagship of Vice-Admiral Bay
† Flagship of Rear-Admiral de F

	000 000	307	7	43
	000 000	257	0	0
YD	000 000	9,437	8	6,000
	000 000	1,796	16	17
bat	000 000	10,014	38	20,000
R	000 000	629	2	9
	000 000	250 ¹	3	0
YD	000 000	6,150	23	4,500
	000 000	123	7	5
	000 000	17		

Lieut. Glorieux	...	...	...	...	Saigon
Commodore C. F. M. Poidlotte	...	...	...	...	Saigon
Lieut. Leblai	...	...	...	...	Halong
Capt. Dupuis	...	...	...	...	Saigon
Capt. Guibertseau	...	...	...	...	Baie d'Along
Lieut. Rogue	...	...	...	...	Baie d'Along
Capt. Terquem	...	...	...	...	Upper Yangtze
Lieut. Brugnon	...	...	...	...	Hongay Nanking

Achéron ...	armoured gunboat	1,796	10	1,700	Lieut. Ferret	...	Saigon
Argus ...	river gunboat	123	—	500	Lieut. Jeannel	...	Caïton
Avalanche ...	river gunboat	140	5	150	—	...	Haiphong
Balaonnette ...	river gunboat	—	—	150	—	...	Saigon
Caronade ...	river gunboat	—	—	150	—	...	Saigon
Casse-tête ...	river gunboat	140	5	150	Lieut. Hue	...	Saigon
Comète ...	gunboat	545	4	438	Lieut. Merveilleux du Vignaux	...	Out of Siam
D'Aless ...	armed cruiser	4,481	31	1,000	Captain Allaire	...	Baï d'Along
Décidé ...	gunboat	645	10	1,000	Lieutenant L'Est	...	Haiphong
Descartes ...	cruiser...	3,085	14	5,500	Commander Amet	...	Baï d'Along
Enfer ...	river gunboat	393	—	—	Lieut. Mère	...	Haiphong
Francisque ...	destroyer	303	7	6,300	Lieut. Coton	...	Haiphong
Fronde ...	destroyer	350	—	303	Lieut. Jéhennu	...	Haiphong
Guichen ?	protected cruiser	—	—	—	—	...	Saigon
Gueydon	armoured cruiser	9,376	7	20,200	Capt. Ridoux	...	Baï d'Along
Henri Rivière	river gunboat	—	—	—	Lieut. Portier	...	Haiphong
Jacquin	river gunboat	307	6	308	Lieut. Corloux	...	Haiphong
Javelin	destroyer	300	—	300	Commander Sagot-Duval	...	Haiphong
Kersaint	cruiser...	1,350	7	2,200	Commander Simon	...	Chempulap & S't
Lynx	sub-marine...	—	—	—	Armbruster	...	Saigon
Montcalm	armoured cruiser	9,700	12	19,600	Capt. Duval	...	Baï d'Along
Mousquet	destroyer	307	7	6,300	Lieut. Prat	...	Baï d'Along
Olry	river gunboat	—	—	—	Lieut. Greillier	...	Chungking
Pelhou	gunboat	—	—	—	Lieut. Lavisière	...	Tongku
Pistolet	sub-marine	307	7	6,300	Lieut. de Kelsach-Werth	...	Baï d'Along
Proée	sub-marine	—	—	—	Lieut. Glorieux	...	Saigon
Redoutable...	battleship, reserve	9,437	8	6,071	Commodore C. P. M. Poidlou	...	Saigon
Raby	destroyer	—	—	—	Lieut. Lebel	...	Haiphong
Sax	armoured gunboat	1,796	10	1,700	Capt. Duprier	...	Saigon
Sully	armoured cruiser	10,074	38	20,000	Capt. Gubertau	...	Baï d'Along
Surprise	gunboat	629	2	900	Lieut. Roque	...	Baï d'Along
Taklaog	river gunboat	—	—	—	—	...	Upper Yangtse
Takou...	destroyer	350	8	—	Capt. Terquem	...	Saigon
Vauban	battleship, reserve	6,150	23	4,560	Lieut. Brugnon	...	Hongay
Vigilante	river gunboat	123	7	500	—	...	Nanningfu

* Flagship of Vice-Admiral Bayle, Commander-in-Chief.
† Flagship of Rear-Admiral de Fausque de Jouglares, Second-in-Command.

Mails.

MESSAGERIES
MARITIMES
FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

STEAM FOR SAIGON,
SINGAPORE, BATAVIA,
COLOMBO, ADEN, EGYPT,
MARSEILLES, LONDON,
HAYRE, BORDEAUX,
MEDITERRANEAN AND BLACK SEA PORTS.

The S.S. "CALÉDONIEN."

Captain Gregory, will be despatched for MARSEILLES TO-MORROW, the 27th June at 1 P.M.

Passage tickets and through Bills of Lading issued for above ports.

Cargo also booked for principal places in Europe.

Next sailings will be as follows:—

S.S. OCEANIAN 11th July.
S.S. TOURANE 25th July.
S.S. TONKIN 8th August.

G. DE CHAMPEAUX,
Agent.

Hongkong, 26th June, 1905.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL
STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR
STRAITS, CEYLON, AUSTRALIA, INDIA,
ADEN, EGYPT, MEDITERRANEAN
PORTS, PLYMOUTH AND
LONDON.

(Through Bills of Lading issued for BATAVIA,
PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN
AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.)

THE Steamship

"NUBIA,"

Captain F. J. Fox, carrying His Majesty's
Mails, will be despatched from this for
BOMBAY, on SATURDAY, the 1st July,
at Noon, taking Passengers and Cargo for the
above Ports in connection with the Company's
S.S. Mongolia, 9,500 tons, from Colombo,
Passengers' accommodation in which vessel is
secured before departure from Hongkong.

Silk and Valuables, all Cargo for France,
and Tea for London (under arrangement) will
be transhipped at Colombo into the Mail
steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and
London; other Cargo for London, &c., will be
conveyed from Bombay by the R.M.S. Arcadia,
due in London on the 13th August.

Parcels will be received at this Office until 4
P.M. the day before sailing. The Contents and
Value of all Packages are required.

For further Particulars, apply to
L. S. LEWIS,
Acting Superintendent.

Hongkong, 17th June, 1905.

NORTHERN PACIFIC LINE.

BOSTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

BOSTON TOW-BOAT COMPANY.

Connecting at Tacoma with
NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY
COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR
VICTORIA, B.C. AND TACOMA,
VIA
MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captain.	Sailing.
Pleades	3,753	F. G. Purinton	At July 12
Shawmut	9,666	E. V. Roberts	July 20
Tremont	9,666	T. W. Garlick	Aug. 8

1 Cargo only.

CHEAP FARES, EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION,
ATTENDANCE AND CUISINE, ELECTRIC
LIGHT, DOCTOR AND STEWARDESSES.

The twin-screw s.s. *Shawmut* and *Tremont*
are fitted with very superior accommodation
for first and second class passengers. The
large size of these vessels ensures steadiness
at sea. Electric fan in each room.
Barber's shop and steam-laundry. Cargo
carried in cold storage.

For further information, apply to
DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,
General Agents.

Queen's Buildings,
Hongkong, 26th June, 1905.

ACHEE & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

FURNITURE,

GENERAL HOUSEHOLD

REQUISITES.

&c., &c., &c.

Telephone 1256.

AMATEUR WORK RECEIVES PROMPT AND CAREFUL ATTENTION.
Hongkong, 16th May, 1905.

For Sale.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY,
LIMITED.

PORTLAND CEMENT.

\$4.50 per Cask 375 lbs. net ex Factory.

\$2.70 per Bag 250 lbs. net ex Factory.

SHEWAN, TOMES & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 7th March, 1905.

TUBORG BEER.

A FIRST CLASS PILSENER BEER
guaranteed free from Salicylic Acid,
and any other Chemicals.

PRICE \$10.50 per case of 48 bottles (quarts)
or 6 doz. pints.

Special Prices for Quantities.

Sole Agents:—

SIEMSEN & CO.

Hongkong, 10th January, 1905.

FOR SALE.

INCANDESCENT
GASOLINE
LAMPS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS,
from the best makers.

INCANDESCENT
MANTLES,
GLOBES,
SHADES, &c.,
for

GASOLINE AND GAS
LAMPS

at the most moderate
prices.

Lamps fixed up for
Buyers free of charge.

Naphtha of the best
kind kept in stock.

TAI KWONG CO.

56, Lyndhurst Terrace.
Hongkong, 2nd May, 1905.

To Let.

TO LET.

NO. 12, KNUITSFORD TERRACE,
KOWLOON.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1905.

TO LET.

A BUILDING at CAUSEWAY HAY, at
present in occupation of the Steam
Laundry Co., Ltd.

No. 1, RIPON TERRACE.

FLATS in MORETON TERRACE, facing
Polo Ground.

OFFICES in course of erection, CON-
NAUGHT ROAD (near BLAKE PIER).

GODOWNS: PRAYA EAST.

Apply to—

THE HONGKONG LAND INVEST-
MENT & AGENCY CO., LD.

Hongkong, 30th March, 1905.

TO LET.

SEMI-DETACHED VILLAS, Two, in
Garden Road, near the Ferry, with Fine
Bright and Airy Rooms. GAS and ELECTRIC
BELLS laid on. Commanding fine view of the
Harbour.

Rents very moderate.

Apply to—

H. RUTTONJEE,
No. 5, D'Aguiar Street,
37 and 38, Elgin Road, Kowloon.

Hongkong, 5th June, 1905.

TO LET.

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

"FOREST LODGE," Caine Road.

Apply to—

H. N. MODY.

Hongkong, 4th May, 1905.

TO LET.

SHOP, No. 14, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

First Floor, No. 12, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

Second Floor, Nos. 12 and 14, QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL.

Apply to—

S. BISNEY,
Hongkong Hotel.

Hongkong, 8th June, 1905.

SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Supplied by Messrs. BENJAMIN, KELLY & POTTS. Corrected to noon; later alterations given under "Commercial Intelligence," page 5.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE.	PAID UP	POSITION AS PER LAST REPORT	LAST DIVIDEND.	APPROXIMATE RETURN AT PRESENT QUOTATION.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS.
				RESERVE.	AT WORKING ACCOUNT.		
BANKS.							
Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	75,000	\$125	\$125	\$1,000,000 \$8,000,000 \$250,000	\$1,493,408	Div. of £1.10/- and bonus of £1 @ ex- change 1/11 9/16 = \$2.46 for second half-year 1904	\$8.0 buyers
National Bank of China, Limited	99,925	£7	£5	\$100,000	\$41,768	\$2 (London 3/6) for 1903	London 84 1/2
MARINE INSURANCES							
Canton Insurance Office, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,400,000 81,739	\$150,494	\$17 for 1903	\$30 buyers
China Traders' Insurance Company, Limited	24,000	\$83.33	\$25	\$500,000 \$181,992 \$162,166 \$371,441	Nil	\$4 1/2 for year ended 30.1.1904	\$7 1/2 buyers
North China Insurance Company, Limited	10,000	£15	£5	Tls. 800,000	Tls. 217,119	Interim of 7/6 1904	Tls. 82
Union Insurance Society of Canton, Limited	10,000	\$250	\$100	\$1,700,000 \$17,749 \$803,110 \$846,773 \$700,000 \$37,704 \$1,000,000	\$2,078,997	\$35 for 1903	\$695 buyers
Yangtze Insurance Association, Limited	8,000	\$100	\$60	\$1,000,000 \$37,704	\$486,284	\$12 and \$3 special dividend for 1903	\$17 1/2
FIRE INSURANCES							
China Fire Insurance Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$20	\$28,935 \$24,211	\$329,047	\$6 dividend & \$1 bonus for 1903	\$8 1/2
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company, Limited	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$1,200,000	\$360,372	\$34 for 1903	\$30 1/2
SHIPPING, TUG AND CARGO BOATS.							
China and Manila Steamship Company, Limited	30,000	\$25	\$25	\$15,000 \$18,000 \$85,410 \$250,000 \$500,000 \$158,444	\$8,832	\$1 for 1904	\$21
Douglas Steamship Company, Limited	20,000	\$50	\$50		Nil	\$2 for year ended 30.6.1904	\$35
Hongkong, Canton & Macao Steamboat Co., Ltd.	80,000	\$15	\$15		\$26,160	\$1 for second half-year 1904	\$27 sellers
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited	60,000	£10	£10	\$205,000 £100,000	£5,853	10/- for 1903 @ 1/10 3/16 = \$5.378	\$99 sales
Shanghai Tug and Lighter Company, Limited	200,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 25,000	Tls. 43,762	Tls. 2 1/2 final making Tls. 4 1/2 for 1904	Tls. 61 sales
Do. (Preference)	100,000	£1	£1	£40,000	£38,852	Tls. 1 1/2 final making Tls. 3 1/2 for 1904	Tls. 50 buyers
"Shell" Transport and Trading Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$65,000 \$24,217	\$929	Interim of 1/- (Coupon No. 5) for 1904	\$35
"Star" Ferry Company, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$5	\$400,000 \$21,075 \$130,153		\$1.80 for year ending 30.4.1905	\$27
Straits Steamship Company, Limited	5,000	\$100	\$100	\$126,000 Tls. 276,679	\$21,231	\$10 for 1904	\$137 1/2 buyers
Taku Tug and Lighter Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 276,679	Tls. 6,190	Final of Tls. 1 1/2 making Tls. 3 1/2 for 1904	Tls. 30
REFINERIES.							
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited	20,000	\$100	\$100	\$450,000	\$42,812	Final of \$15 making \$30 for 1904	\$215 sellers
Luzon Sugar Refining Company, Limited	7,000	\$100	\$100	\$70,000	\$85,987	\$3 for 1897	\$31 sellers
Perak Sugar Cultivation Company, Limited	7,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 100,000	Tls. 1,835	Tls. 2 1/2 for year ending 30.9.04	Tls. 71 sales
MINING.							
Chinese Engineering and Mining Company, Ltd.	1,000,000	£1	£1	£40,000 none	£7,820	No. 3 of 1/6	Tls. 7.80 bu
Oriental Consolidated Mining Company, Limited	50,000	G \$10	G \$10	none	G \$671,993	50 cents making G \$1 for 1904	£3 17/6
Raub Australian Gold Mining Company, Limited	50,000	£1	£1	£4,875	£4,029	No. 12 of 1/- = 48 cents	\$3 buyers
DOCKS, WHARVES & GODOWNS.							
Société Française des Charbonnages du Tonkin	16,000	Fcs. 250	Fcs. 250	Fcs. 251,337 Fcs. 1,529,632	Fcs. 85,706	Final of Fcs. 25 making Fcs. 55 for 1903	\$490
Farnham (S. C.) Boyd & Co., Limited	55,200	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 1,000,000	Tls. 34,924	Final of Tls. 8 making Tls. 13 for 1904/5	Tls. 150 ex
Fenwick (Geo.) & Co., Limited	6,000	\$25	\$25	\$70,000 \$108,473 \$100,000 \$250,000 \$35,500	\$8,577	\$3.75 for 1904	\$33 1/2
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown, Co., Ltd.	40,000	\$50	\$50	\$300,000 \$250,000 \$35,500	\$29,422	Final of \$2 1/2 making \$3 for 1904	\$95 buyers
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$50	\$50	\$35,500	\$498,289	\$6 dividend and \$1 bonus for 2nd half- year 1904	\$19 1/2 buyers
Hewarth Erskine, Limited	12,000	\$100	\$100	\$60,000	\$480	\$10 div. & \$5 bonus for year end 30/6/04	\$370 buyers
New Amoy Dock Company, Limited	6,000	\$64	\$64	\$55,500		\$14 for 1903	\$18 sellers
Riley Hargreaves & Co., Limited	6,000	\$100	\$100	\$15,000	\$49,936	\$10 div. and \$3 1/2 bonus for 1903	\$245
Do. (Preference)	2,750	\$100	\$100			\$7 dividend	\$11 1/2
Shanghai and Hongkew Wharf Company	31,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 31,000	Tls. 10,711	Final of Tls. 6 making Tls. 10 for 1904	Tls. 180 sal
Tanjong Pagar Dock Company, Limited	37,000	\$100	\$100	Tls. 98,800 \$2,100,000 Tls. 17,500	\$206,545	\$20 for 2nd half year making \$26 for 1904	\$395
Yankee Wharf and Godown Company, Limited	2,500	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 17,500	Tls. 2,762	Tls. 18 for 1904	Tls. 192
LANDS, HOTELS & BUILDING.							
Astor House Hotel Company, Limited (Shanghai)	30,000	\$25	\$25	none Tls. 34,000	\$9,989	\$2 1/2 for year ended 30.6.1904	\$29 sales
Astor House Hotel, Limited (Tientsin)	2,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 8,000	Tls. 805	Final of Tls. 5 making Tls. 9	Tls. 140 se
Central Stores, Limited	6,000	\$15	\$15		\$1,502	Final of 60 cents making \$1.80 for 1904	\$21 sellers
Do. (Founders')	123	\$15	\$15			None	\$100
Do. (New Issue)	24,000	\$15	\$15			Preferential of 7 per cent for 1904	\$8 sellers
Hongkong Hotel Company, Limited	12,000	\$50	\$50	\$100,000 \$10,000	\$3,554	\$5 for second half-year making \$10 for 1904	\$143
Hongkong Land Investment and Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100	\$100	\$250,000	\$37,795	Final of \$6 making \$12 for 1904	\$120 sellers
Hotel des Colonies Company, Limited (Shanghai)	9,000	Tls. 25	Tls. 25	Tls. 22,056	Tls. 7,202	Tls. 2 1/2 for the year ending 31.3.1905	Tls. 17 1/2 bu
Hotel Metropole Company, Limited	2,000	\$100	\$100	First Year		Interim of \$4	\$105
Humphreys Estate & Finance Company, Limited	150,000	\$10	\$10	\$300,994 \$50,000	\$11,958	90 cents for 1904	\$12 1/2
Kowloon Land and Building Company, Limited	6,000	\$50	\$50	none	\$377	\$3 for 1904	\$40 sellers
Shanghai Land Investment Company, Limited	52,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 828,813 Tls. 170,000	Tls. 40,666	Tls. 3 final and Tls. 2 bonus making	Tls. 121 bu
Tientsin Hotel des Colonies, Limited	1,400	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	none	Tls. 670	Tls. 8 for 1904	Tls. 47 sel
Tientsin Land Investment Company, Limited	7,725	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	none	Tls. 735	Tls. 5 for 1904	Tls. 125 se
Wei-hai-wei Land and Building Company, Limited	3,764	Tls. 25	Tls. 25	none	Tls. 5,150	Final of Tls. 4 making Tls. 7 for 1904	Tls. 12 bu
West Point Building Company, Limited	12,500	\$50	\$50	none	\$1,247	None	\$55 sellers
COTTON MILLS.							
Fwo Cotton Spinning and Weaving Company, Ltd.	15,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	none	Tls. 11,655	Tls. 4 for year ended 31.10.1903	Tls. 40 bu
Hongkong Cotton Spinning, Weaving and Dyeing Company, Limited	125,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$27,862	50 cents for the year ending 31.7.04	\$16 1/2 sellers
International Cotton Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	10,000	Tls. 75	Tls. 75	Tls. 50,000 Tls. 35,227	Tls. 13,629	Interim of 3 % a/c 1898	Tls. 36 bu
Loau-kung-mow Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co., Ltd.	8,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	none	Tls. 10,000	Interim of 4 % a/c 1898 on 6,000 shares	Tls. 40 sal
Soy Chee Cotton Spinning Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 500	Tls. 500	Tls. 8,115	Tls. 22,050	4 % for 1897	Tls. 180
CIGARS AND TOBACCO COS.							
Alhambra, Limited	300	\$200	\$200	none	Dr. P. 2,384	\$125 for year ending 30.6.1900	\$100
Philippine Company, Limited	7,100	\$10	\$10			First Year	\$91 sellers
Shanghai-Sumatra Tobacco Company, Limited	30,000	Tls. 20	Tls. 20	Tls. 24,820 Tls. 25,000	Tls. 1,091	Final of Tls. 6 making Tls. 9	Tls. 68 sal
MISCELLANEOUS.							
Anglo-German Brewing Company, Limited	4,000	\$100	\$100	none		First Year	\$125 sellers
Bell's Asbestos Eastern Agency, Limited	8,000	12/6	12/6	none	£1,161	6d. per share for 1903	\$61 buyers
Campbell, Moore & Co., Limited	1,200	\$10	\$10	\$8,000	\$1,182	\$3 for 1904	\$30
China-Borneo Company, Limited	60,000	\$12	\$12	none	Nil	\$1 for 1904	\$12 sales
China Flour Mill Co., Limited	4,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 30,000	Tls. 718	Tls. 5 for 1904	Tls. 62 sal
China Light and Power Company, Limited	30,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$3,739	None	\$10
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Company, Ltd.	100,000	\$10	\$10	\$8,000	\$1,381	80 cents for 1904	\$88
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	25,000	\$7 1/2	\$6		\$2,706	\$14 for year ending 31.7.1903	\$17 sellers
Fraser and Neave, Limited	4,500	\$50	\$50	\$112,500		\$5 div. and \$2 1/2 bonus for 1903	\$100
Green Island Cement Company, Limited	100,000	\$10	\$10	\$400,000	\$95,954	\$2 for 1904	\$24 1/2
Do. (New Issue)	50,000	\$10	\$5	\$25,000		First Year	\$105
Hall & Holz, Limited	21,250	\$20	\$20	\$186,000 £23,109 £3,000	\$7,551	Final of \$14 making \$2 1/2	\$27 sales
Hongkong & China Gas Company, Limited	7,000	£10	£10		\$7,625	£1 div. and 2 1/2 bonus for 1903	\$160 buye
Hongkong Electric Company, Limited	30,000	\$10	\$10	none	\$1,747	\$10.00 for year ending 30.4.1904	\$17 1/2 sal
Hongkong High-Level Tramways Company, Ltd.	30,000	\$10	\$5			50 cents for year ending 30.4.1904	\$118 sel
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	1,250	\$100	\$25	\$50,000	\$7,706	\$15 for year ending 30.11.1904	\$121
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Ltd.	5,000	\$25	\$25	\$60,000	\$5,356	Final of \$13 making \$17 for 1904	\$24 1/2 sel
Hongkong Steam Waterboat Company, Limited	10,000	\$50	\$50	\$60,000	\$11,137	\$10 for 1904	\$152 buye
Katz Brothers, Limited	15,000	\$10	\$10	\$45,000	\$299	Final of 70 cts. and 50 cts. bonus making	\$17 sellers
Lane, Crawford & Co., Limited (Shanghai)	10,000	\$100	\$100	\$475,000	\$3,400	\$1.50 for the year ended 30.9.04	\$135 buye
Maatschappij tot Mijn-, Bosch- en Landbouw- plaat in Langkat, Limited	25,000	Gt. £10	Gt. £10	none		\$8 for 1904	\$145 sales
Maynard and Company, Limited	3,400	\$10	\$10	none	Tls. 35,849	\$2 for year ended 31.10.1904	Tls. 217 1/2
Mondon (E. L.) Limited	7,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	none	Dr. Tls. 117,638	\$2 for 1902	Tls. 25 sal
Moutrie (S.) & Company, Limited	4,000	\$50	\$50	\$1,000	\$832	Final of \$3 making \$5 for the year ending	\$54 sales
Shanghai & Hongkong Dyeing and Cleaning Co., Ltd.	1,200	\$50	\$50	None	Dr. \$5,537	None	\$50
Shanghai Gas Company, Limited	16,000	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 145,000 Tls. 108,172	Tls. 8,011	Final of Tls. 5 making Tls. 8 1/2 for 1904	\$125 sales
Shanghai Horse Bazaar Company, Limited	5,400	Tls. 50	Tls. 50	Tls. 45,000	Tls. 10,247	Tls. 5 for 1903	Tls. 82 1/2
Shanghai Pulp and Paper Company, Limited	4,500	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 45,000	Tls. 6,968	Final of Tls. 8 making Tls. 14 for 1904	Tls. 167 1/2
Shanghai Waterworks Company, Limited	7,000	\$20	\$20	Tls. 25,000	Tls. 17,220	Final of 37/6 making 52/6 for 1904	Tls. 450 bu
Singapore Dispensary, Limited	7,000	\$20	\$20	Tls. 17,000	\$1,760	\$64 for year ended 31.7.1904	\$80
South China Morning Post, Limited	6,000	\$25	\$25	\$30,000	Dr. \$5,068	None	\$21
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	5,000	\$5	\$5	none	\$3,444	60 cents for year ended 31.5.04	\$84 buyers
Straits Ice Company, Limited	10,000	\$5	\$5	none		First Year	\$74 buyers
Straits Trading Company, Limited	25,000	\$100	\$100	\$25,000 \$50,000	\$700	\$10 for second half year 1904	\$150 buye
Tientsin Native City Waterworks Company, Ltd.	2,941	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	none	Tls. 2,025	\$1 div. and 35 cents bonus for half year	\$4 1/2
Tientsin Waterworks Company, Limited	2,000	Tls. 100	Tls. 100	Tls. 15,459	Tls. 2,211	ended 30.4.1904	Tls. 100
United Asbestos Oriental Agency, Limited	9,000	\$10	\$4 1/2	\$20,000	\$480	Final of Tls. 5 making Tls. 8 for 1904	Tls. 121
Do. (Founders')	100	\$10	\$10	\$4,802	\$12,604	50 cents for year ending 31.5.1904	\$91
Watkins, Limited	10,000	\$10	\$10	\$50,000	\$6,560	\$1 for 1904	\$81 sellers
Watson (A. S.) & Co., Limited	90,000	\$10	\$10	\$2,000	\$6,560	Final of 30 cents making \$1 for 1904	\$12 sales
William Powell, Limited	12,000	\$10	\$10	\$1,000	\$588	Interim of 50 cents for year 1904/1905	\$11 1/2